

# Repeating Defects

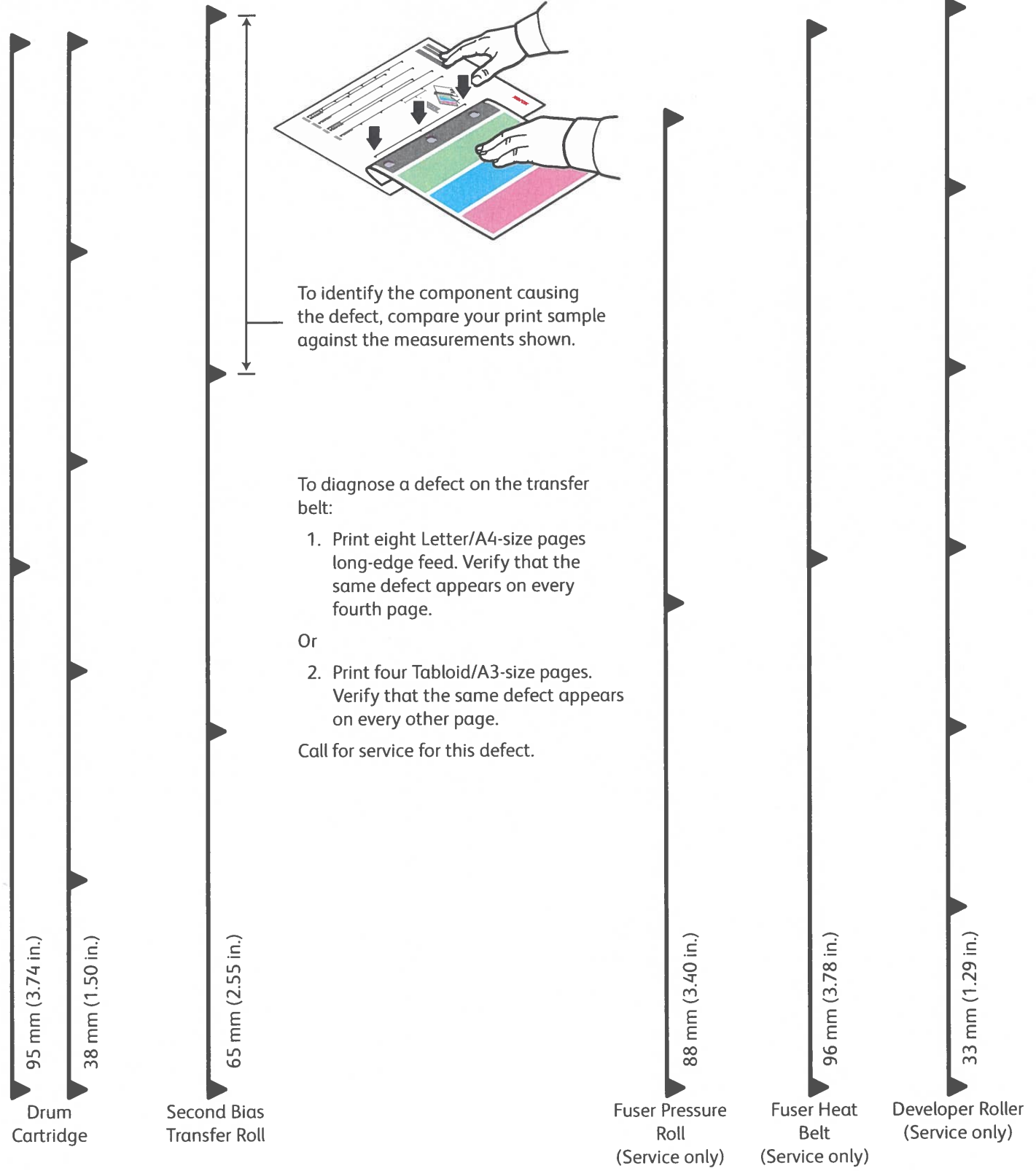


To identify the component causing the defect, compare your print sample against the measurements shown.

To diagnose a defect on the transfer belt:

1. Print eight Letter/A4-size pages long-edge feed. Verify that the same defect appears on every fourth page.
- Or
2. Print four Tabloid/A3-size pages. Verify that the same defect appears on every other page.

Call for service for this defect.



the 1990s, the number of people with a diagnosis of schizophrenia has increased in many countries (Murray & Lopez, 1996).

There is a need to understand the nature of the illness and the reasons for its increasing prevalence. This paper reports on a study of the experience of people with schizophrenia in the United Kingdom, and the reasons for their illness.

## Method

### Participants

Forty people with a diagnosis of schizophrenia were recruited to the study from a psychiatric hospital in the south of England.

The participants were interviewed in their own homes, and the interviews were audio taped. The study was approved by the local research ethics committee.

### Interviews

The interviews were semi-structured, and were designed to explore the experience of the illness and the reasons for it.

The interview schedule was based on the following questions: (1) How did you experience the illness? (2) What were the reasons for your illness?

The interviews were conducted by a research fellow who had experience of conducting semi-structured interviews.

The interviews lasted between 30 and 60 minutes, and were conducted in the participants' own homes.

### Data analysis

The data were analysed using the grounded theory approach (Glaser & Strauss, 1967).

This approach involves the development of a theory from the data, rather than the testing of a pre-existing theory.

The theory is developed through the identification of patterns in the data, and the development of a conceptual framework to explain these patterns.

The grounded theory approach is particularly useful for exploring the experience of a phenomenon, and for developing a theory to explain this experience.

The grounded theory approach was used in this study to explore the experience of people with schizophrenia, and to develop a theory to explain this experience.

### Results

The results of the study are presented in this section. The data were analysed using the grounded theory approach.

The theory developed from the data is presented in this section. The theory is based on the experience of people with schizophrenia, and the reasons for their illness.

The theory is based on the following concepts: (1) The experience of the illness. (2) The reasons for the illness.

The theory is based on the following relationships: (1) The experience of the illness is related to the reasons for the illness. (2) The reasons for the illness are related to the experience of the illness.

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the 1990s, the number of people in the world who are under 15 years of age is expected to increase from 1.1 billion to 1.5 billion.

There are a number of reasons why the number of children in the world is expected to increase. One of the main reasons is the high birth rate in many developing countries. In these countries, women often have many children because they do not have access to family planning services.

Another reason is the high life expectancy in many developing countries. People are living longer, which means that there are more children in the world.

There are also a number of other factors that contribute to the increase in the number of children in the world. These include the high death rate in many developing countries, which means that more children are needed to replace the people who die.

It is important to understand the reasons why the number of children in the world is expected to increase, so that we can take steps to reduce the number of children in the world.

One of the most important ways to reduce the number of children in the world is to provide access to family planning services. This will allow women to control the number of children they have.

Another way to reduce the number of children in the world is to improve the health care system in developing countries. This will reduce the death rate, which will mean that fewer children are needed to replace the people who die.

It is also important to improve the education system in developing countries. This will help women to understand the benefits of family planning and to make informed decisions about the number of children they have.

By taking these steps, we can reduce the number of children in the world and create a more sustainable future for all of us.

There are a number of other ways to reduce the number of children in the world, such as improving the economic situation in developing countries. This will help women to have more children because they will have more resources to care for them.

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